

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

COVER SHEET

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Title of Invention: **Ball Hitch Locking Device**

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Ball Hitch Locking Device

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

None

5 I. Background of the Invention

1. Field of Invention

A trailer hitch locking device for securing a trailer having a ball type hitch includes a rigid U-shaped frame member having a central lower mounting member, an upper pin shield, a locking pin having a flattened locking end, a shaft and a pin head, the locking end engaging a cylindrical security lock which engages the locking pin through a hole in the frame member, the cylindrical security lock being surrounded by a lock security collar, preventing access to the entire cylindrical lock except for the outer surface of the cylindrical lock, exposed from the lock security collar, the pin head being sunken into a pin head recess in the frame member across from the lock security collar. The pin head access prevents access to the pin, the upper pin shield prevents access to the shaft of the pin and the cylindrical security lock and lock security collar preventing access to the locking end of the pin, the pin preventing removal of the device from the applied ball type hitch of the trailer.

Description of Prior Art

The following United States patents were discovered and are disclosed within this application for utility patent. All relate to trailer locking devices. In U.S. Patent No. 6,467,317 to Hillabush, a locking device adapted to a lunette-style trailer is disclosed which includes a bottom member having a hardened tang with a central aperture, a top member having a slot through which the tang

extends and a step in lock having a bolt, activated by a lock mechanism, which engages the aperture in the tang to attach the bottom member to the top member, the step in lock having a raised wall within which the step in lock is secured. The step in lock and the raised wall bear similarity to element of the present invention, but the remainder of the Hillabush device is distinctively different from the present invention.

U.S. Patent No. D419,122 to Stech is adapted to a trailer hitch having a square ball locking mechanism. In U.S. Patent No. 6,598,432 to Dwyer is a lock box is fitted over a trailer hitch, also having a central tang which is inserted within the ball receiving portion of a ball trailer hitch, as are U.S. Patent No. 6,244,614 to Bonvillain, 5,775,139 to Sellers, 4,571,964 to Bratzler and D388,383 to Foster.

In U.S. Patent No. 5,222,755 to O'Neal involves a rounded ball inserting into the ball type hitch, the ball connected to a chain, the chain further connected to a padlock which locks the chain to a hole in the spring loaded lever of the hitch, locking the ball within the ball-type hitch. In U.S. Patent No. 4,774,823 to Callison, a simple ball attached to a mounting plate attached to the trailer hitch, serves dual purpose, first in blocking access to a ball type hitch socket, and second, locking a connection between a ball type hitch and a ball on a towing hitch when attached together. A universal trailer hitch is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. D436,064 to Niswanger, discloses a U-shaped frame member, a central lower mounting member attached to the U-shaped member and a locking pin spanning the U-shaped member through a pair of aligned holes in the U-shaped member, the locking pin secured to the U-shaped member by a padlock, the locking pin securely retaining the Niswanger device on a ball type hitch.

II. Summary of the Invention

Numerous trailer hitch locks have been included and disclosed in prior art, as indicated above. Trailer theft is obviously a problem which many inventors have tried to remedy, with some success. However, the majority of these previous theft deterrent locks have exposed crucial locking elements, including the padlocks, the locking pins and chains which hold the lock in place. These exposed items make removal of the locking devices easy targets for thieves due to the short amount of time it takes to bypass the locking device. If it took a greater amount of time and effort to remove the device, theft would be less likely to occur. Therefore, a locking device which protects these crucial elements involved in the locking means is necessary to further develop the security of a trailer hitch, specifically those having a trailer hitch ball, known in the industry as a bulldog hitch.

The primary objective of the present invention is to provide a trailer hitch locking device which protects the locking pin from access to a saw blade or cutting tool, protects the locking device from a bolt cutter and has no exposed parts other than the locking frame to make theft less likely and more time consuming.

A secondary objective of the invention is to provide the locking device in a manner which is easy to apply and remove with a simple turn of a key, making removal accomplished only by those having a key to operate the locking device.

III. Description of the Drawings

The following drawings are submitted with this utility patent application.

Figure 1 is a front cross section of the device in a locked and engaged embodiment.

Figure 2 is an upper front perspective view of the device

Figure 3 is a side cross section of the device with the locking pin in a locked position.

Figure 4 is an outer perspective view of the first side plate.

Figure 5 is a side view of the locking pin.

Figure 6 is a side cross section of a preferred embodiment of the locking pin, indicating an inner cavity with a central security roller within the inner cavity.

5 Figure 7 is an outer perspective view of the second side plate.

Figure 8 is a perspective view of the lock security collar.

Figure 9 is a perspective view of the base plate of the device.

Figure 10 is a perspective view of the central lower mounting pin.

Figure 11 is a side cross section of the cylindrical lock.

10 IV. Description of the Preferred Embodiment

A ball hitch locking device **10**, shown in FIGS. 1-11 of the drawings, for application to a ball-type trailer hitch having a receiver cavity for a trailer hitch ball, comprises a base member **20**, FIG. 9, having an upper surface **26**, a central portion **28**, a first side margin **22** and a second side margin **24**, the central portion **28** having an attached central mounting pedestal **30**, FIG. 10, with an upper end **34** and a lower end **32** welded to the upper surface **26** around the central portion **28**, a first side plate **40**, FIG. 4, having a pin hole **45** with a recessed margin **47** in an outer surface **48**, the first side plate **40** attached to the first side margin **22** of the base member **20**, a second side plate **50**, FIG. 7, having a pin hole **55** attached to the second side margin **24** of the base member **20**, a cylindrical lock collar **60**, FIG. 8, attaching to an outer surface **58** of the second side plate **50** around the pin hole **55**,
15 an upper pin shield **70**, FIGS. 1-3, attached between an inner surface **46** of an upper end **42** of the first side plate **40** and an inner surface **56** of an upper end **52** of the second side plate **50** forming an arch over the pin hole **45** of the first side plate **40** and the pin hole **55** of the second side plate **50**, a
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lock pin **80**, FIGS. 5-6, having a pin head **82** on a first end **81**, a shaft **83** and a second end **86** having a flattened locking tang **87** with an aperture **88**, the locking pin **80** inserted through the pin hole **45** in the first side plate **40** and through the pin hole **55** of the second side plate **50**, the tang **87** and aperture **88** extending beyond the outer surface **58** of the second side plate **50** into the cylindrical locking collar **60**, with a keyed cylindrical lock **90**, FIGS. 1-2 and 11 securing to the tang **87** and aperture **88**, the cylindrical lock **90** being closely surrounded by the cylindrical lock collar **60**.

In a preferred embodiment, the cylindrical lock **90** is an AMERICAN LOCK® 2500 Series Padlock, or other comparable cylindrical lock chosen because it has no exposed locking pins or required hasps which makes removal with a bolt cutter possible. This type lock, shown in FIGS. 1-2 and 11, includes an inner surface **92** having a pin lock receiver **94**, an outer surface **96** including a keyed lock **98**, and an inner lock peg **95** which engages the aperture **88** of the tang **87** in the lock pin **80**, securing the lock pin **80** within the cylindrical lock **90**. When the lock pin **80** is locked into the cylindrical lock **90**, the pin head **82** should be securely and completely within the recessed margin **47** in the outer surface **48** of the first side plate **40**, exposing no portion of the shaft **83** of the lock pin **80**. The cylindrical lock collar **60** would further include an inner perimeter **62** attached to the outer surface **58** of the second side plate **50**, an outer edge **64** and a lock peg hole **66** which would allow the lock peg **95** of the cylindrical lock **90** to extend through the cylindrical lock collar **60** when the cylindrical lock **90** is disengaged.

The upper pin shield **70** further comprises a first end **72** attaching to the first side plate **40**, a second end **74** attached to the second side plate **50**, an upper surface **76** arching upward from the base member **20** and a lower surface **78** directed towards the base member **20**, but also arching in an upward direction. By preference, the lock pin **80**, when engaged, would be seen slightly below

the upper pin shield **70** in a horizontal plane, but not entirely, as indicated in FIG. 3.

The attachment between the a lower end **44** of the first side plate **40** to the first side margin **22** of the base member **20**, the lower end **32** of the central mounting pedestal **30** to the central portion **28** of the base member **20** and a lower end **54** of the second side plate **50** to the second side margin **24** of the base member **20** would be by welding, as would the attachment of the first end **72** of the upper pin shield **70** to the inner surface **46** of the upper end **42** of the first side plate **40**, the second end **74** of the upper pin shield **70** to the inner surface **56** of the upper end **52** of the second side plate **50**, and the inner perimeter **62** of the cylindrical lock collar **60** to the outer surface **58** of the second side plate **50**. The aligned pin hole **45** of the first side plate **40** and pin hole **55** of the second side plate **50** would be positioned within the respective side plates **40**, **50** to allow the lock pin **80** to be applied through the pin holes **45**, **55** when the central mounting pedestal **30** is inserted within the receiver cavity of the ball-type trailer hitch, with the lock pin **80** preventing disengagement of the central mounting pedestal **30** from the receiver cavity of the ball-type trailer hitch once the lock pin **80** is inserted through the aligned pin holes **45**, **55** and locked.

Alternatively, the lock pin **80** may be provided in a enhanced theft deterrent embodiment, specifically FIG. 6, the lock pin **80** having a longitudinal cavity **84** within the shaft **83** containing a roll pin **85** to prevent a complete penetration of the shaft **83** of the lock pin **80** by a saw blade, in the event the upper pin shield **70** is penetrated or removed. This roll pin **85**, when contact is made by a saw blade after partial severance of the shaft **83** is made by a saw blade, rolls with the motion of the saw blade and is not penetrated by the saw blade, in effect, preventing further penetration of the shaft **83** of the lock pin **80**.

The entire ball hitch locking device **10** is made of a hardened steel, which may be, in whole

or in part, stainless steel, brass, or a cold roll steel, with exception of the cylindrical lock, which is generally made to specifications of the manufacture from which it is purchase, most often provided in stainless steel or a chrome plated hardened steel. It is also contemplated within the scope of this invention, that if compatible locks are available in some shape other than cylindrical, they could be
5 utilized, with modification made to the lock collar conforming closely to the shape of the alternative lock.

While the invention has been particularly shown and described with reference to a preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that changes in form and detail may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

10 **What is claimed is:**